

ABSTRACT

The package create-theorem provides commands for naming, initializing and configuring theorem-like environments. All of these commands have key-value based interface and are especially useful in multi-language documents, allowing the easy declaration of theorem-like environments that can automatically adapt to the language settings.

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How to load it

First, you need a backend to provide the command `\newtheorem` with the usual behaviour, for example, amsthm. After that, you can simply load the current package with:

---

```
\usepackage{create-theorem}
```

---

**TIP**

Since create-theorem uses cleveref internally, it should usually be placed near the last of your preamble — notably, it needs to be loaded after varioref and hyperref.

It has the following options:

**name as context**

- When referencing, the names correspond to the current language context. For example, the English names will be displayed when referencing a theorem-like environment in English context, no matter which language context the original environment is in.
- Synonymous names: `name-as-context` | `nameascontext` | `regionalref`

**name as is**

- When referencing, the names correspond to the language contexts in which the environments are defined. For example, if the environment is defined in English context, then the English names will be displayed when referencing it, regardless of the current language context.
- Synonymous names: `name-as-is` | `nameasis` | `originalref`

**name in link**

- Include the names in the hyperlinks when referencing.
- Synonymous names: `name-in-link` | `nameinlink`

**no preset names**

- Disable preset names. Use this option if you want to define you own name set.
- Synonymous names: `no-preset-names` | `nopresetnames`

## 2.1 | Naming theorem-like environments with `\NameTheorem`

The syntax of `\NameTheorem` is as follows:

---

`\NameTheorem`{*<name of environment>*}{*<key-value configuration>*}

---

Supported keys are:

`heading` = *<configuration>*

- The heading of the environment, where *<configuration>* can be:
  - \* a single string in monolingual documents: `heading` = *<string>*;
  - \* a key-value name list in multilingual documents:

---

```
heading = {  
  <language name> = <string>  
}
```

---

`heading style` = *<style>*

- The style of the heading, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: `heading-style` | `headingstyle`

`crefname` = *<configuration>*

- The name for `\cref` the environment, where *<configuration>* can be:
  - \* a single string in monolingual documents: `crefname` = {*<name>*}{*<names>*};
  - \* a key-value name list in multilingual documents:

---

```
crefname = {  
  <language name> = {<singular name>}{<plural name>}  
}
```

---

- Also supports the syntax of `\crefthename`, thus you can assign names of the form:

---

*[<singular definite article>]{<singular name>}[<plural definite article>]{<plural name>}*

---

`crefname style` = *<style>*

- The style of the “crefname”, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: `crefname-style` | `crefnamestyle`

`Crefname`

- The name for `\Cref` the environment, its syntax is the same as that of `crefname`.
- Also supports the syntax of `\Crefthename`.

`Crefname style` = *<style>*

- The style of the “Crefname”, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: `Crefname-style` | `Crefnamestyle`

`numbering style` = *<style>*

- The style of numbering in the reference, you can specify the font, text style, color, etc.
- Synonymous names: `numbering-style` | `numberingstyle`

### TIP

You can also define the names within `\CreateTheorem` while initializing the theorem-like environments. `\NameTheorem` is especially useful for package or class authors who wish to preset suitable names (with styles) in their packages or classes.

## 2.2 | Initializing theorem-like environments with `\CreateTheorem`

The syntax of `\CreateTheorem` is as follows:

```
\CreateTheorem{<list of the name of environments>}{<key-value configuration>}
```

Supported keys are:

`name = <configuration>`

- Setting the names. Same as `\NameTheorem{<name of environment>}{<configuration>}`.

`name style = <configuration>`

- Setting the style of names. Same as using `\NameTheorem`.
- Synonymous names: `name-style` | `namestyle`

`style = <theorem style>`

- Specifying the `\theoremstyle` for the current environment.
- Synonymous names: `apply style` | `apply-style` | `applystyle`

`parent counter = <parent counter>`

- Specifying the `<parent counter>` for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will restart whenever that sectional level is encountered.
- Synonymous names: `parent-counter` | `parentcounter` |  
`number within` | `number-within` | `numberwithin`

`shared counter = <shared counter>`

- Specifying the `<shared counter>` for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will progress sequentially for all theorem-like environments using this counter.
- Synonymous names: `shared-counter` | `sharedcounter` |  
`number like` | `number-like` | `numberlike`

`numberless`

- Defining the current environment to be unnumbered.

`create starred version`

- Defining a corresponding starred (unnumbered) version of the current environment.
- Synonymous names: `create-starred-version` | `createstarredversion` |  
`create numberless version` | `create-numberless-version`  
| `createnumberslessversion`

`copy existed = <existed environment>`

- Defining the current environment to be the same as `<existed environment>`.
- This key is usually useful in the following two situations:
  - 1) To use a more concise name. For example, with `\CreateTheorem{thm}{copy existed = theorem}`, one can then use the name `thm` to write theorems.
  - 2) To remove the numbering of some environments. For example, one can remove the numbering of the `remark` environment with `\CreateTheorem{remark}{copy existed = remark*}`.
- Synonymous names: `copy-existed` | `copyexisted`

#### TIP

The names for the following environments have been preset: `assertion`, `assumption`, `axiom`, `conclusion`, `conjecture`, `convention`, `corollary`, `definition`, `definition-proposition`, `definition-theorem`, `example`, `exercise`, `fact`, `hypothesis`, `lemma`, `notation`, `observation`, `postulate`, `problem`, `property`, `proposition`, `question`, `remark` and `theorem`. If you are fine with the preset names, then you don't need to specify the key `"name"` while creating them, otherwise you shall have to use the package option `"no preset names"` to disable the presets and then define your own ones.

Please note that, by default, an normal environment  $\langle env \rangle$  and its starred relative  $\langle env \rangle^*$  do *not* share the same set of names, for the sake of generality. However, with proper usage of `create starred version` and `copy existed`, you are already able to produce all of the following combinations that shares the same set of names: 1) numbered  $\langle env \rangle$ , numbered  $\langle env \rangle^*$ ; 2) numbered  $\langle env \rangle$ , unnumbered  $\langle env \rangle^*$ ; 3) unnumbered  $\langle env \rangle$ , numbered  $\langle env \rangle^*$ ; and 4) unnumbered  $\langle env \rangle$ , unnumbered  $\langle env \rangle^*$ . I left it as an easy exercise for you ;-)

### 2.3 | Configuring theorem-like environments with `\SetTheorem`

The previous two commands are especially useful for package or class writers, while this one is more for the users. If you are not satisfied with preset name styles or numbering settings, then even after initializing the environments, you can still further configure them by means of `\SetTheorem`, the syntax of which is as follows:

---

```
\SetTheorem{<list of the name of environments>}{<key-value configuration>}
```

---

#### TIP

`\SetTheorem` should only be used in the preamble of your document.

Supported keys are:

`name` =  $\langle configuration \rangle$  and `name style` =  $\langle configuration \rangle$

- Same as `\NameTheorem{<name of environment>}{<configuration>}`.
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in `\NameTheorem`.
- Synonymous names: `name-style` | `namestyle`

`parent counter` =  $\langle parent counter \rangle$

- Specifying the  $\langle parent counter \rangle$  for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will restart whenever that sectional level is encountered.
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in `\CreateTheorem`.
- Synonymous names: `parent-counter` | `parentcounter` |  
`number within` | `number-within` | `numberwithin`

`shared counter` =  $\langle shared counter \rangle$

- Specifying the  $\langle shared counter \rangle$  for the current environment, *i.e.*, numbering will progress sequentially for all theorem-like environments using this counter.
- Note that this configuration can overwrite those already specified in `\CreateTheorem`.
- Synonymous names: `shared-counter` | `sharedcounter` |  
`number like` | `number-like` | `numberlike`

*If you're feeling confused, don't worry. Let's now take a look at some examples.*

## / 3 / Examples

### 3.1 | The environment idea

First, let's get familiar with these two commands by creating the environment idea.

```
\NameTheorem{idea}{  
  heading = Idea,  
  crefname = {idea}{ideas},  
  Crefname = {Idea}{Ideas},  
}  
\CreateTheorem{idea}{ parent counter = section }
```

or to do it in one turn:

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{  
  name = {  
    heading = Idea,  
    crefname = {idea}{ideas},  
    Crefname = {Idea}{Ideas},  
  },  
  parent counter = section,  
}
```

This is not exciting at all. Now, let's say we are writing a bilingual note in English and French. (I shall omit the `\NameTheorem` version and do it all at once in `\CreateTheorem`.)

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{  
  name = {  
    heading = { english = Idea,  
               french = Idée, },  
    crefname = { english = {idea}{ideas},  
                french = [l']{idée}[les]{idées}, },  
    Crefname = { english = {Idea}{Ideas},  
                french = [L']{idée}[Les]{idées}, },  
  },  
  parent counter = section,  
}
```

With this, if you use `\selectlanguage{french}`, the idea environment shall be automatically displayed as “Idée”. And if you `\crefname` it, the definite article and the name showed up properly just as expected.

Next we shall deal with the numbering problem. Let's continue to use this environment idea for demonstration – suppose that we have set the names up with `\NameTheorem`.

### 3.2 | Let's play with numbering

Remember the exercise I left you in the previous section? Let's do it together now.

### 3.2.1 Numbered idea and numbered idea\*

This is easy, `copy existed` suffices:

---

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{parent counter = section}
\CreateTheorem{idea*}{copy existed = idea}
```

---

### 3.2.2 Numbered idea and unnumbered idea\*

This is the easiest, `create starred version` will do.

---

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{
  parent counter = section,
  create starred version,
}
```

---

Notice that you cannot use `\CreateTheorem{idea*}{numberless}` here, since we don't have names defined for `idea*`.

### 3.2.3 Unnumbered idea and numbered idea\*

This is a bit tricky: by default we can only create numbered `idea` or unnumbered `idea*`, and the question is how to switch them. We shall need an intermediary.

---

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{create starred version}
\CreateTheorem{idea-temp}{copy existed = idea*}
\CreateTheorem{idea*}{copy existed = idea}
\CreateTheorem{idea}{copy existed = idea-temp}
```

---

### 3.2.4 Unnumbered idea and unnumbered idea\*

This is the combination of the first two cases — we need to create `idea*` first and then copy it to `idea`:

---

```
\CreateTheorem{idea}{create starred version}
\CreateTheorem{idea}{copy existed = idea*}
```

---

In each case, the two environments `idea` and `idea*` share the same set of names.

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### Known issues

- The current mechanism does not work well for German, a problem originated in the package `crefthe`. The author plans to adopt a more refined approach in a later version so as to support the various grammatical situations in German.
- There may be inaccuracies in the translation of those preset names.

If you run into any issues or have ideas for improvement, feel free to discuss on:

<https://github.com/Jinwen-XU/create-theorem/issues>

or email me via [ProjLib@outlook.com](mailto:ProjLib@outlook.com).